2/1st Marines Chronology

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DECLASSITIED AFTER 12 YEARS,

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HEADQUARTMIS
2nd Battalion, 1st Marines
3rd Marine Division (Rein), FMF
FPO, San Francisco, 96602

203166

3:RJB:rjo. 5750 3 May 1966 Ser No 00277-66

From: Commanding Officer

To: Commanding General, 3rd Marine Division (Attn: G-3)

Via: Commanding Officer, 4th Marines (Attn: S-3)

Subj: Commend Chronology, Submission of

Ref: (a) Div0 5750.1

(b) Divo 3100:IB

(c) Maps: VIEUNAM; 1:50,000 MMS Series L701, sheets 6560 III and 6559 IV

Encl: (1) - Command Chronology for the period 1-30 April 1966

(2) - Battalion Order 1550.1 (Submitted with original copy only)

(3) Combat Instruction #2 (Submitted with original copy only)

(4) Battalion Order 3100.1A (Submitted with original copy only)

AVE- (5) Proposed Battalion Operation for 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines

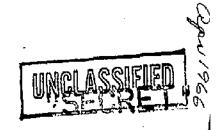
(Submitted with original cory only)
(6) Summary of CAC Operation (Submitted with original copy only)

1. In accordance with references (a) and (b) enclosures (1) through (5) are submitted.

R. T. HANIFIN,

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS DECLASSIFIED AFTIR 12 YEARS DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.10

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PART I

- 1. REPORTING UNIT. 2d Battalion, 1st Marines
- 2. COMMAND POST. HUB-PHU BAI, RVN (885136)
- 3. PERICO COVERED. 1 April 1966 30 April 1966
- 4. PATE OF SUBMISSION. 4 May 1966
- 5. AVERAGE MONTHLY STRENGTH.

OFFICE'S 30 3 ENLISTED 1010 54

- 6. COMMANDING OFFICER. Lieutenant Colonel R. T. HINIFIN JR.
- 7. EXECUTIVE OFFICER. Major E. Z. GUBOWSKI
- 8. PRINCIPAL STAFF.

S-1 latht E. T. CLARK III

S-2 letht D. W. PICKERSCILL

S-3 Major J. CCLIA

S-4 Capt G. L. HAMMUND

ConnO Capt H. D. READ

9. SUBCRDINATE STAFF.

HASCO latLt J. A. CHAMBERS

Company E Capt R. A. LARSEN

Corpany F Capt D. E. MARKS

Company G Capt R. E. LAVAN

Company H Capt J. M. NOLAN

STATES OF





READQUARTERS

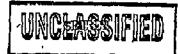
2nd Battalion, let Marines

3rd Marine Division (Rein), FMF

FPO, San Francisco, 96602

COMMAND CHRONOLOGY

1 April through 30 April 1966
Part I Organization Data Sheet
Part II Significant Events



PART II

PERSONNEL

- a. Number of replacements received.
 - (1) Marine Officers 0
 - (2) Marine Enlisted 34
 - (3) Navy Officers 1
 - (4) Navy Enlisted 3
- b. Personnel received via Division/Regt Transfers
 - (1) Marine Officers 0
 - (2) Marine Enlisted 1
- o. Number of personnel rotated.
 - (1) Marine Officers 5
 - (2) Marine Enlisted 97
- d. Number of Personnel lost through attrition other than rotation.
 - (1) WIA 6
 - (5) KIV = 0
 - (3) $\Sigma W = 0$
 - (4) Humanitarian/Emergency Transfers 1
 - (5) Non-battle injuries 2; non-battle deaths 0
 - (6) Intra-Division/Regiment Transfers.
 - (a) Marine Officers 1
 - (b) Marine Enlisted 12
 - (c) Navy Balisted 3
- e. R&R Trips 110



10. MISSION. 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines defend PHU BAI Airfield and 8th RRU; control assigned portion of HUE-PHU BAI Combat Base; conduct combat/reconnaissance patrols in assigned portion of HUE-PHU BAI Combat Base and combined operations with RVNAF within and beyond boundaries of assigned portion of HUE-PHU BAI Combat Base. Prepares defense and counterattack plans to restore integrity of defensive perimeter to include PHU BAI Airfield and 8th RRU facilities.

11. <u>BACKGROUND</u>. To accomplish the assigned mission the Battalion portion of HUE-PHU BAI Combat Base has been divided into company sectors with each rifle company conducting aggressive patrolling, sweeps and numerous ambushes in their assigned sector. The companies defend their portion of the MLR by employing observation posts, listening posts, road blocks, checkpoints and through occupation of prepared positions in critical areas.

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f. Special Services Activity.

- (1) Entertainment for the 2d Battulion, 1st Marines consisted of 82 novies, and 3 performances by a local entertainment group.
- (2) Continuous difficulty is being encountered in acquiring and transporting beverages and soft drinks to Phu Bai for the clubs of the Battalion.

ADMINISTRATION

- a. Personnel Accounting. No difficulties have been encountered.
- b. Awards.
- (1) The following awards were processed and recommended to higher headquarters for action.
 - (a) Navy Cross Medal 3
 - (b) Silver Star 1
 - (c) Legion of Merit 2
 - (d) Naty and Marine Corps Modal 2
 - (e) Bronze Star Medel 14
 - (f) Navy Commendation Medal 6
 - (2) The following awards were received and presented.
 - (a) Bronze Star Medal 2
 - 7:1007 (b) Purple Heart Medal 19

o. Promotions.

- (1) 1 Gunnary Sorgeant to Master Sergeant
- (2) 1 Sergoant to Staff Sergeant
- (3) 7 Privates to Private First Class
- d. <u>Postal</u>. Letter nail service continues to be adequate, though at various times during the north, three or four days go by without letter nail service. The current political situation in Vietnam and strike in CONUS are supposedly the basis for those delays.
 - e. Pay. No problems encountered during the reporting period.
- f. Post Exchange. 4th Marines Post Exchange continues to provide adequate quantities of luxury and necessity items for this Battalian.



benet and Discipling.

- (1) During the reporting period the following action was taken.
 - (a) Special Courts Martial 5
 - (b) Surmary Courts Martial 4
 - (c) Battalion Commenders Office Hours O
- (2) The following legal action is pending.
 - (a) Special Courts Martial 1
 - (b) Surnary Courts Martial 2

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a. The enemy situation on Ø1 April 1966 was as follows:

There are two (2) Local Force Companies, the C-117 Armed Unit and the C-116 Armed Unit with an estimated strength of 100 and 80 men respectively, operating in the TAOR. Enemy activity within the TAOR consisted of perimeter harassment by small enemy units during the hours of darkness, limited probing of the outlying Marine units, propaganda meetings with the local populace, infiltration into the TAOR for rice and intelligence gathering.

Enomy units that operate near our TaOR:

- (1) Elements of the 95th Regiment with an estimated strongth of 500-600 men, is located in the vicinity of grid square ZC 0493. Weapons are unknown.
- (2) The 810th (Code name K-10) Main Force Battalion with an estimated strength of 200-300 men is located in the vicinity of grid square YC 9293. Weapons include 2-81mm mortars, 57mm RR, B-40 (RPC) anti-tank weapon, mechine guns, SMG and individual rifles.
- (3) The 319th Main Force Battalion, located in the vicinity of YD 972005. Weapons include 4-57mm RR. 4 B-40 anti-tank weapon, and 2 75mm RR. The strength is unknown.
- (4) HUONG THUY armed Unit (C-116/D-4), a Local Force Company, with an estimated strength of 80 mon has been operating throughout HUONG THUY District.
- (5) PHU THU armed Unit (C-117/D-1), a Local Force Company, with an estimated strength of 100 mon has been operating throughout the PHU THU Peninsula.
- (6) Elements of the Intelligence-Reconnaissance Company (C-11) have been operating, from a base in the vicinity of YD 785102, in the HUE-NAM HOA-PHU BAI area. The estimated strength is 80 mem.
- (7) One SAPPER squad, with an estimated strength of 8-10 men, has been operating in the southern portion of the TADR.
- (8) An unknown number of local guerrillas, operating in conjunction with VC Main Force and Local units, are operating in the HUE-PHU BAI area.
- b. The enery initiated the following incidents during the period:
- (1) 012130H. An estimated four (4) VC approached a CaC-8 ambush site in the vicinity of YD 818174. Small arms fire was initiated by the ambush with the VC returning fire with a burst of automatic weapons fire. The VC broke contact and withdrew to the south. An immediate search was made with negative results.

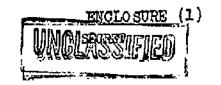


- (2) 021945H. Three (3) VC were taken under fire by CAC-3 personnel in the vicinity of their CP (YD 911119). Four rounds of M-79 and approximately 300 rounds of 7.62 were fired. A search of the area was made with negative results.
- (3) 022020H to 022105H. Four VC were spotted attempting to probe the perimeter of ChC-2 (YD 912149). I sweep of the area was made with negative results. A booby trap (grenade) located to the rear of the CP was detonated by an unknown individual. A second search was conducted with negative results.
- (4) 022125H. One VC was observed and fired on by C.C-1 patrol in the vicinity of YD 815197. The VC returned the fire with several rounds of small arms and withdrew to the southwest, with the patrol in pursuit. After losing visual contact, a search of the area proved negative.
- (5) 031935H. Thile proceeding north on Highway #1 a vehicle with driver and 2 passengers from FOXTROT Company received 4 rounds of small arms fire from the vicinity of YD 918112. Several rounds were fired in return with negative results.
- (6) 050030H. A sniper fired several rounds of small arms fire at CaC-3 personnel from the vicinity of YD 900115. A petrol searched the area with negative results.
- (7) 052220H. Two VC noving southwest, were pinpointed by the S-2 Scouts while operating the AN/TPS-21 in the vicinity of YD 912117. The Scouts opened fire with 5-10 rounds and called for illumination. During the illumination 20-30 rounds of M-60 were fired at the VC who were now noving in a westerly direction. The patrol searching the area found four bundles of rice that were dropped by the VC. The patrol returned with no further contact.
- (8) 061900H. Three VC fired approximately 100 rounds of automatic weapons fire at a FOXTROT Company vehicle traveling north on Highway #1 in the vicinity of YD 899138. The VC noved across the highway in a northeast direction toward TO DL (YD 908138). The vehicle was turned around, visual contact with the VC was regained and the Marines pursued the fleeing VC. Fifty rounds of 7.62 and 20 shotgun rounds were expended when the VC broke contact and disappeared into a tree line. One hit was sustained in the rear of the vehicle.
- (9) 091005H. A patrol from ECHO Company received one round of sniper fire from the vicinity of YD 896123. The area was searched with negative results.
- (10) 112205H. One grenado was thrown into the GOLF Company perimeter from the vicinity of YD 905144. Several rounds of small arms and one M-79 round were fired with negative results.
- (11) 140305H. Four to five VC near the defensive wire in the vicinity of YD 855128 fired several rounds of small arms toward ...

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the OF 180 positions. Approximately 50 rounds of small arms fire was returned. The VC withdrew with no further contact.

- (12) 172100H. C.C-2 patrol established contact with an estimated six VC in the vicinity of YD 912148, firing 200 rounds of 7.62 and several rifle granades. The VC dispersed, and withdraw in two groups, one to the west and the other to the southwest. The area was swept with negative results. VC casualties 3 VI. (possible).
- (13) 172115H. Three VC were observed by a HOTEL Company patrol in the vicinity of YD 901141. Ten rounds of small arms were fired at the VC with several rounds being returned. The area was swept with negative results.
- (14) 180015H. One VC was observed by MCB-7 personnel moving near the wire (YD 898137). The VC throw one grenade causing negative damage. During illumination, the VC was observed moving into the brush. MCB-7 personnel fired approximately 20 rounds of 7.62 into the area. A search of the area proved negative.
- (15) 191915H. CAC-7 patrol fired approximately 200 rounds of small arms fire at three VC in the vicinity of YD 835173. The VC returned fire with 80 rounds of carbine and automatic weapons fire. The VC broke contact and withdrew. The area was searched with negative results.
- (16) 201030H. FOXTROT personnel, traveling north on Highway #1 in 'the vicinity of YD 921111 received two rounds of sniper fire. ... patrol from CAC-3 searched the area with negative results.
- (17) 211300H. PF sworking in conjunction with a CAC-10 patrol in the LOI NOW area (YD 825198) captured 2 VC.
- (18) 220305H. At approximately the same time movement was heard by GOLF Company personnel, they received an incoming grande. The infra-red searchlight was used to search the area. There was no further contact.
- (19) 221325H. A patrol from GOLF Company received small arms fire from the vicinity of YD 787114. An artillery mission was called on the target while the patrol fired M-60, M-79 and 3.5 rocket fire into the area. The artillery rounds were on target; no assessment was made as the target was across the river.
- (20) 221330H. In estimated 2-3 VC fired on the GOLF Company water detail from the vicinity of YD 791113. Fire was returned and the area swept with negative results.
- (21) 2223001. While in their night time position (YD 827178), CAC-7 protol opened fire with small arms at 2 VC. The area was searched with negative results.



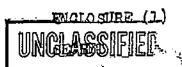
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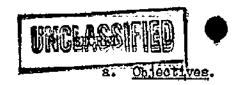
- (22) 232115H. ECHO Company patrol opened fire on 4-5 VC in the vicinity of YD 884117. The VC withdrew to the southeast with the patrol in pursuit. After losing contact with the VC, a search of the area was nade with negative results.
- (23) 260619H. While sweeping the Hamlet of THON H. TRU II CAC-5 received several rounds of small arms fire from the vicinity of YD 934143. The treeline was searched with negative results.
- (24) 262125H. An estimated four VC fired 10 rounds of small arms fire into ChC-9 CP (YD 933084). The ChC-9 patrol was diverted to search out the area. The search proved negative.
- (25) 271400H. An estimated 10-12 VC located in the vicinity of YD 832195 opened fire on a CAC-7 patrol. The patrol returned fire and manusvered toward the VC position. The area was searched with negative results.
- (26) 272100H. In estimated 8-10 VC approached an ambush position occupied by a GOLF Company patrol in the vicinity of TD 795098. The patrol fired at the VC resulting in two VC VIA (possible). After the VC withdrew, the patrol moved to the vicinity of TD 794098 and set in another ambush position. There was no further contact.
- (27) 282150H. CLC-8 sent out a patrol to investigate the small arms fire in the vicinity of YD 807190. Arriving in the area, the patrol found that the VC had spread propaganda leaflets in the hamlet. Roturning to their IP (YD 898191), movement was heard to the rear of their position. CLC-8 threw one hand illumination which was thrown back at them. A search of the area proved negative.
- (28) 282215H. Four rounds of small arms fire were received by ECHO Company patrol in the vicinity of YD 892119. The patrol pursued the VC until contact was lost in the vicinity of YD 895120.
- (29) 292325H. ECHO Company patrol spotted three VC in the vicinity of YD 831078. Four rounds of small arms were fired by the patrol as the VC withdrew to the southeast and northwest. Contact with the VC was not regained.
- c. Surmary of Enery Casualties, Captured and Captured Equipment.
 - (1) VC KL. (confirmed) O (possible) O
 - (2) VC WL. (confirmed) O (possible) 5
 - (3) VCC 2
 - (4) VCS 0 (5) Rallior 5
 - (6) Equipment. Clathing, packs and medical supplies.





- d. Significant trends during period.
- (1) The energy continued his efforts of infiltrating small units into the rice area for the collection of rice.
- e. Enemy situation at the end of period remain the same as in paragraph a. above with the exception of one new VC battalion, the 319th. This battalion has not been confirmed and indications point to the possibility that it may be a cover mane for the 810th Battalion.





- (1) To conduct training on Employment and Safety Procedures on the Claymore Mine.
 - (2) To conduct Forward Observer Training for Infantry personnel.
 - (3) To conduct FAM fire for all organic weapons.
 - (4) To conduct 81mm mortar exercises within the HUE-PHU BAI TAGR.
- (5) To conduct training on RCA agents, munitions available, equipment, employment and M-17 Field Protective Masks.
 - (6) To conduct classes on Basic Military Subjects.
- (7) During this reporting period work continued on improving defensive positions, estensive anbushes and patrolling was conducted.

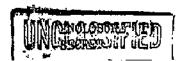
b. Major Training Highlights.

- (1) All compenies conducted FAM firing of N-14 rifles, M-60 machine guns, .45 Cal. pistols, M-75 grenade launchers and shotguns during this reporting period.
- (2) 2/1 FSCC conducted a 5 day artillery FC school for 18 men, 2 days consisted of classroom lectures and application, 1 day was utilized in practical application in the field.
- (3) The battalion Ready Reserve was called out for 3 practice alerts. Calses were conducted on basic fire team and squad tactics.
- (4) The Legal Officer presented a 1 hour class on the UCMI for all officers of this battalion.
- (5) The below is a listing of General Military Subjects taught throughout this reporting period.

(a)	Buddy Aid	H&S Company	45 minutes
(b)	Poisonous Snakes and Treatment	H&S Company	30 minutes
(o)	Field Sanitation	H&S Company	30 minutes
(d)	SOI & HST	H&S Company F Company	30 minutes each
(a)	LAW (Instruction and Safoty)	H&S Company E Company Company C Company C Company	1 hour each company
			TWO LOSURE (1)



(f)	Vietnamese Customs and Religion	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	2 hours each company
(g)	Patrolling (Squad)	H&S Company F Company G Company	l hour each
(h)	Lensatic Compass	H&S Company	1 Hour
(i)	Mines and Booby Traps	H&S Company	45 minutes
(j)	Claynore Mines (Safo- ty and Employment)	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	l Hour cach company
(k)	Service Record Books	H&S Company	1 hour , 2
(1)	vens	M&S Company	30 minutes
(n)	Code of Contmot	H&S Company	30 minutes
(n)	M-17 Field Protec- tive Mask (fitting and masking proced- ures)	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company	30 minutes each company
(0)	Riot Control Agents (capabilities, em- ployment, and muni- tions)	H Company H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	l hour each
(g)	Use of M-106 Mighty Mite (Turbine Blower/ Sprayer)(Employment and Capabilities)	H&S Company E Company F Company C Company H Company	30 minutes each company
(p)	Construction of Defensive Positions	F Company G Company H Company	l hour each company
(r)	Proparation of Over- lays	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	30 minutes each company





Radio Procedures and Operations	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	1 hour each
Map Orientation and Thrust Lines	C Company H Company	l hour each
Elevation and Rolief	H Company	1 hour
Marginal Information, and Grid Coordinates	H Company	1 hour
Night Firing	H&S Company E Company F Company G Company H Company	30 minutes each
	Map Orientation and Thrust Lines Elevation and Relief Marginal Information, and Grid Coordinates	Operations E Company F Company G Company H Company Thrust Lines C Company H Company Elevation and Relief H Company Marginal Information, and Grid Coordinates Night Firing H&S Company F Company F Company G Company

Special Operations.

- a. Amphibious operations. None.
- b. Combined operations. One (See enclosure (6)).
- c. Psychological operations. None.
- d. River operations. None.

Milolear, Biological, Chemical and Other Special Types of Warfare.

- a. During the reporting period, there were no instances of use by this battalion of NBC Marfare or equipment perculiar to NBC Warfare.
- b. Training Accomplished. During the reporting period seventy-five percent of the cormand received an average of 2 hours on:
 - (1) Field Protective Masks M-17 (Fitting and Masking Procedures).
 - (2) ROA agents (concludities, and pront one conitions)
- (3) The Mighty Hite M-106 (Turbine Blower/Sprayer). (The employment and capabilities).
- authorized by T/E archeld by this command and is operational.





- (1) Company E detached Op Con 1/4 effective 201645H March. Detachment terminated 021450H April.
- (2) Company L, 3/4 attached effective 231730H March and detached at 030800H April.
- (3) G/H Companies detached 1 SNCO and 20 Marines to Shore Party Battalion for security of CLLCO Causeway effective 100900H. 10 Marines from Company H returned to 2/1 Op Con at 281500H. 11 Marines, including a SNCO from Company G remained detached.
- (4) At 121615H attached 3rd Plat, Co A, 1/1 to provide security for M Btry (-) in support of Recon Zone III, Detached to parent unit on 17 April.
- (5) At 171615H attached 1st Plat, Co K, 3/4 to provide security for M Btry (-) in support of Recon Zone III. Detached to parent unit on 23 April.
- (6) FAC Team (1 Officer & 4 Enlisted) detached to Op Con 1/1 for operation VIRGINIA effective 121800H. FAC Team returned to Op Con 2/1 on 30 April.
- (7) At 231345H attached 2nd Plat, Co L, 3/4 to provide security for M Btry (-) in support of Fecon Zone III. Attachment still in effect.
- d. Control. Control of the Battalion was exercised from the Battalion Command Post throughout the entire reporting period. Wire and radio communications continue to be used equally to exercise control over the subordinate units.
 - e. Problem Areas. No significant problems areas encountered.

Communications-Electronics.

- a. Wire. Normal Operations.
- b. Radio. Normal Operations.
- o. Radio Relay. Normal Operations.
- d. Message Center/Teletype. Normal Operations.
- e. Probleme Encountered. None noted.

Close Combat

- a. Operations Conducted.
 - (1) Patrols
 - (a) Squad size. There were 866 squad size patrols conducted.



Command and Control

a. Task Organization

2nd Battalion, 1st Marines

H&S Co

H&S Co

Co E

Co E Det, Med Plat, H&S Co

Co F

Co F Det, Med Plat, H&S Co

Ço G

Co G Det, Med Plat, H&S Co

Co H

Co H Det, Med Plat, H&S Co

81mm Mortar Platoon

106m RR Platoon

b. Command Posts

(1) 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines

(XD 885136)

(2) H&S Company

(YD 885136)

(3) Company E

(YD 885136)

(4) Company F

(YD 885136)

(5) Company G

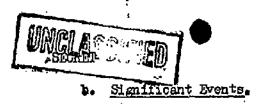
(YD 885146)

(6) Company H

(XD 885146)

c. Attachments and Detachments.

ENCLOSURE (1)



- (1) Sequential listing of all contacts, general description of scheme of maneuver and results attained
- (a) 1 April At 012130E CAC-8 fired upon 4 VC near their ambush position at YD 819175. The VC immediately broke contact, firing 1 short burst from an automatic weapon and fled south. A sweep of the area was conducted with negative results. There were 23 squad and 2 platoon size patrols conducted with 23 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (b) 2 April At 022105H CAC-2 reported a booby trapped hand granade was set off in rear of their CP at YD 911149. CAC-2 swept area with negative results. At 021100H CAC-3 sighted 4 VC violaity YD 911118.. VC were taken under fire and they immediately fled. The VC did not return fire. It was observed that 2 of the VC were armed and all were drassed in black. Contact results: Unknown. There were 25 squad size patrols conducted with 25 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (c) 3 April At 031935H a mighty mite from Company F received approximately 4 rounds of small arms fire from the west side of Highway #1 at YD 918112. Fire was returned by 2 passengers into the suspected eniper location. The vehicle proceeded on its way to 2/1 CP not stopping to investigate. There were 24 squad and 1 plateon size patrol conducted with 24 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (d) 4 April At 041000H three North Vietnamese ralliers surrendered to the FF's of CAC-9. The 3 ralliers were turned over to PHU LOC District Headquarters with 3 packs containing clothing and medical supplies. No weapons were surrendered. At 042230H CAC-2 reported a booby trapped grands was set off in rear of their CP at YD 910149. A fire team conducted a sweep of the area with negative results. There were 25 squad and 2 platoon size patrols conducted with 21 embushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (e) 5 April At 050037H CAC-3 patrol reported receiving 2 incoming eniper rounds from vic GC YD 901117. The patrol was located at YD 900115. The patrol moved across the river and conducted a search of the area with negative results. There were no casualties. At 052215H CAC-3 sighted 2 VC vio YD 915114. VC taken under fire and artillery illuminated the area. A sweep of the area revealed the VC dropped and scattered 3 to 4 bage of rice. There were no known VC casualties. There were 30 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (f) 6 April At 061900H a resupply vehicle from Company F was fired upon by 3 VC at YD 899129 with automatic weapons. The vehicle returned fire and pursued the VC for approximately 300 meters with the VC fleeing North. No essualties were received by enemy sniper fire and no enemy casualties were suspected. There were 26 squad size patrols conducted with 20 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.



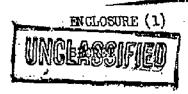


- (b) Platoon size. There were 15 platoon size patrols
 - (c) Company size. None.
 - (2) Anbushes. There were 693 squad size ambushes employed.
 - (3) Listening Posts. There were 529 Listening Posts employed.

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(s) 7 April - There were 27 equad size patrols conducted with 20 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.

- (h) 8 April There were 27 squad size patrols conducted with 22 ambushes and 18 listening posts omployed.
- (i) 9 April At 091005H a patrol from Company E received 1 aniper round at YD 896123. Area was searched with negative results. There were 27 squad size patrols conducted with 22 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (j) 10 April There were 26 squad size patrols conducted with 26 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (k) 11 April There were 33 squad size patrols conducted with 29 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (1) 12 April There were 33 squad size and 2 paltoon size patrols conducted with 29 ambushes and 22 listening posts employed.
- (n) 13 April At 130245H 2nd Platoon, Company K, 3/4 under Op Com of 2/1 received 2 grenades approximately 30 meters from their position from estimated 2 VC at YD 922054. K-2 opened fire and illuminated the area with the VC fleeing Northeast. Contact results: Unknown. At 132250H OP 180 Fired 4 rounds illumination after hearing movement. Negative surveillance. There were 25 squad patrols conducted with 22 ambushes and 11 listening posts employed.
- (n) 14 April At 140310H OP 180 received 4 to 5 rounds of small arms fire into their posttion. Fire was returned and area illuminated revealing 4 to 5 VC west of the base of Hill 180. The VC broke contact and fled. A search of the area was conducted with negative results. There were 28 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (c) 15 April At 152255H MCB-7 sighted 1 VC near their lines at YD 099137. Area was illuminated and 1 frag granade thrown with the VC fleeing scuth. At 152235H MCB-7 received dirt chunks in their positions at YD 898137. It was believed the VC were trying to draw fire in order to pinpoint fire position however fire discipline prevented this. At 150240H MCB-7 lines reported unknown number of VC moving between YD 898137 to YD 897136. MCB-7 threw 4 frag granades resulting in 1 VC KIA (Unconfirmed). There were 33 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (p) 16 April At 162130H MCB-7 wighted I VC moving towards the perimeter vie YD 898137. Area was illuminated and I frag granade expended with negative results. There were 32 equad size patrols conducted with 27 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.

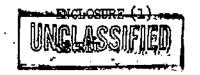


(a) 17 April - At 172100H a patrol from Company G observed 3 VC at YD 831088 noving southwest carrying weapons. Fire team was dispatched and VC were pursued. VC broke contact and fled southwest. At 172100H CAC-2 patrol made head on contact with § VC at YD 912148. CAC-2 took VC under fire and assualted with the VC dispersing and fleeing southwest. Area searched with negative results. Contact results: 3 VC WIA (unconfirmed). At 172115H a patrol from Company H observed 3 VC vic YD 901141. Area was illuminated and VC taken under fire. Vo broke contact fleeing south. Area searched with negative results. Contact results: Unknown. There were 33 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.

- (r) 18 April At 180015H MCB-7 left flank position reported sighting 2 VC vic YD 898137. Area was illuminated and VC taken under fire with small arms, M-79 rounds and frag granades. A search of the area was conducted with negative results. There were 33 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (s) 19 April At 191915H CAC-7 sighted 3 VC at YD 855173. VC were taken under fire and VC broke contact. CAC-7 conducted search of area without further contact. There were no known casualties. At 192030H a sentry from OP 225 revenent near the defensive wire. Area was illuminated and 1 frag grenade expended with negative results. At 192130H a tank crewman at Company G lines sighted VC movement through infra-red light on tank. Tank fire 24-30 rounds of 50 Cel. arounition. Area was illuminated and a sweep conducted with negative results. There were 32 squad size patrols conducted with 24 ambushes and 18 listening posts employed.
- (t) 20 April At 201030H & CAC vehicle enroute to CAC was fired upon by estimated 1 VC at YD 921111. CAC-3 conducted sweep with negative results. There were no friendly casualties. There were 28 squad size patrols conducted with 18 ambushes and 17 listening posts.
- (u) 21 April At 211300H 2 PF's from CAC-8 dressed in black pajamas sighted 2 VC working in rice fields vic YD 825198. The PF's called to the VC and the VC unspecting walked up to the PF's who captured and turned them over to HUONG THUY District Headquarters. CIT confirmed they were VCC. There were 28 squad size patrols conducted with 18 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (v) 22 April At 220115H Company G detected movement along defensive wire at YD 886147 and suspected wire cutting. 1 frag grande was thrown and area illuminated. The lines received 1 incoming frag granade. There were no known casulaties. At 220805H a squad size patrol from Company K received 4 rounds of smiper fire from vic GS YD 8710. One fire team was dispatched to sweep area with negative results. At 221330H a platoon size patrol from Company G came under small arms smiper and 60mm morter fire at YD 886157. Artillery mission was adjusted on suspected VC areas with good effect on target. Area was searched with negative results. There were no friendly casulation and no known YC essualties. At 22270H CAC-7 patrol sighted 2 VC near their ambuse site at YD 827178. VC were taken under fire and CAC-7 pursued the VC article and VC area and IT listering posts employed

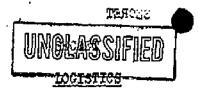


- (*) 23 April At 232111E s patrol from Company E encountered 4 to 6 VC sitting in the patrol route at YD 884127. Patrol opened fire and assaulted to VO with the VC immediately fleeing southwest. At vio YD 892114 contact was lost. There were no known casualties. There were 30 squad size and 1 plateon size patrols conducted with 21 ambushes and bu listening posts employed.
- (2) 24 April There were 27 squad size and 1 platoon size patrols conducted with 25 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (y) 25 April There were 28 squad size and 1 platon size patrols applicated with 18 ambushes and 17 listening posts employed.
- (2) 26 April At 260610H CAC-5 received mips fire from the tree line in vic TD 934143. A search of the area was conducted with negative results. At 262126H CAC-9 received 10 incoming rounds at YD 933084. CAC-9 diverted from scheduled patrol into area where rounds were suspected to have come from and conducted search with negative results. There were 26 squad size and 1 platoon size patrols additated and 20 mmbushes and 18 listening posts.
- (sa) 27 April At 271400H CAC-7 received incoming small arms rounds from estimated 10 to 12 VC from YD 832196. CAC-7 diverted scheduled patrol by fire maneuver to enemy position to regain contact. VC broke contact in an unknown direction. There was 1 Marine WIA and it was undetermined if there were any VC casualties. At 272053H approximately 8 VC neared ambush site of 1st platoon, Company G at YD 794098. G-1 opened fire and VC broke contact fleeing in an unknown direction. A search of the area conducted at first light revealed numerous blood spots. Contact Results: 2 VC KIA (Unconfirmed). There were 28 squad size patrols and 1 platoon size patrol: conducted and 23 ambushes and 20 listening posts employed.
- (bb) 26 April At 282130H Op from Company E spotted 2 unidentified personnel standing on nerthern side of river at YD 886124. 2 Marines from the OP challenged the 2 men and they fled. Company E dispatched patrol to sweep the river bed at YD 889121. The VC fired 4 emiper rounds at the patrol and broke contact fleeing east. Contact results: Negative. There were 27 squad size patrols and 1 platoon patrol conducted with 19 ambushes and 20 listening posts employed.
- (co) 29 April At 292100H a patrol from Company E sighted 3 VC vic YD 831078. Patrol took the VC under fire, illuminated the area and pursued the VC. The VC broke contact and fled. Contact results. Unknown. There were 33 squad size patrols and 1 platoon patrol conducted with 25 ambushes and 20 listening posts employed.



erns (Unconfirmed) enroute to HUE City in vicinity of YD 810189. Vehicle immediately returned to CP area. Negative results. At 302400H, CAC-3 sighted 1 VC in vicinity of fence at coordinates YD 912118. CAC-3 opened fire with small arms and expended 20 rounds. A search of the area yielded negative results. There were 31 squad size patrols and 1 platoon size patrol. conducted with 26 anbushes and 20 listening posts employed.

EMBLOSURE (1)



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- a. <u>Supply</u>. Rough Rider convoys from Da Nang to Phu Bai Combat Base have increased, therefore supplies are arriving on a more frequent basis. Items that are in short supply are communications spare parts, office supplies, blank forms and concertina wire. Individual equipment has been received, but not in sufficient quantities to fill the Battalion requirements. Some of the items that are in short supply are canteens, canteen covers, steel helmets, first aid packets with components and bayonets.
- b. Maintenance. Maintenance functions performed by FLSU #2 have been satisfactory except for typewriter repairs due to a lack of parts. One typewriter has been in for repair since 20 January, one since 9 February and another since 15 March. 143 Tactical Equipment Repair Orders were submitted to FLSU #2 during the month and 63 were completed. Below is a breakdown by section of the work orders submitted and completed:

		<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Completed</u>
	Ordnance	56	33
	Communications	75	29
$\chi_{\Phi}(t)$	Motor-Transport	6	0
	Supply	6	1

- c. Food Service. Food services personnel and facilities are still overtaxed due to the number of people and the limited facilities aveilable. The mess hall was originally designed to feed 500 men and is currently feeding an average of 1,400 Marines per meal. Massing facilities will come under the control of the 4th Marine Regiment on 1 May 1966.
- d. Cantonment and Camp Facilities Development. Future cantonment and camp facilities development for the 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines is being provided by higher Headquerters. Future cantonment plans for this organization consist of 110 tropical buts and a 500 man mess hall with a medified galley.
- e. Transportation and Roads. Roads within the Phu Bai Combat Base have been maintained in a satisfactory condition. No transportation difficulties were encountered during the month.
- f. Fiscal. During the month of April the Battalion obligated \$24,429.25 for Stock Fund Account items. This was a decrease of \$8,374,37 from the previous month.
- g. <u>Mater</u>. One well has been dug in the Battalion area and is currently in operation. This well provides all the potable water for the Battalion with the exception of the pipeline to the moss hall which runs directly from the 8th R.R.V. Army Compound.
- h. <u>Motor Transportation</u>. Freyentive maintenance is being performed on a continuing basis. Eighteen new M-422Al Mighty Mites were received on 18 April and this organization expects to receive 13 new M-274Al Machanical Mules. Six M-274 nules are currently in for repairs at the FLSU #2.



- i. Embarkation. This organization has participated in no embarkation or debarkation during the period. A two hour class was held on embarkation with one representative from each company and each section of H&S Company in attendance. An inspection of all cargo and embarkation data was held to determine the embarkation status of each company. Discrepancies were noted and have since been corrected.
- j. Hospitalization and Evacuation. Continued support has been provided by Collecting and Clearing Company "A". The Battalion Aid Station treated a total of 1,207 patients during the nonth.



Lir Defense. None.

Combat hir Support.

- a. Aviation units providing support. HTM-163 and 1stMAW attack aircraft.
- b. Significant events.
 - (1) Sequential listing of aircraft employed in CAS. None.
 - (2) Sequential events of aircraft employed for other than CAS.
 - 2 April Two UH-34D's need for resulply of Eddle 180/225.
 - 3 April Two UN-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GOONEY to Hill 225.
 - 4 April Two UH-34D's used for troop lift of 11 men to coordinates 829139 from LZ GOONEY.

 Two UH-34D's used for resumply of Hills 180/225.
 - 5 April Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 6 April Two UN-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 7 April Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 8 .pril Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from IZ GOONEY to Hills 180/225. Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 9 April Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.

 Three UH-34D's used for troop lift of 26 men from IZ GOONEY to Causeway.
 - 10 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.

 Three UH-34D's used for troop lift of 23 men from the Causeway to LZ GOONEY.
 - 11 April- Two UH-34D's used for troop lift of Pay Master to 1/4 CP. Two UH-34D's used for troop lift of 5 men to 1st Marine CP at CHU LAI from LZ GOONEY. Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 12 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 - 13 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225. Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GOONEY' to Hill 225.



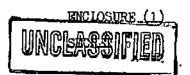


- 14 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 15 april- Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GOONEY to Hill3 180/225.
- 16 .pril- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 18 april- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
 Two UH-34D's used for troop lift of 11 men to
 Hill 225 from LZ COONEY.
- 20 April- Two UH-34D's used for the resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 22 April- Two UH-34D's used for Recon of Area at YD 9111 to YD 9117.tc'YD 9611 to YD 9111. Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 23 April- Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GOONEY to Hill 225.
- 24 April Two UH-34D's used for resurply of Hills 180/225.

 Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GCONEY to Hills 180/225.
- 25 April- Two UH-34Dts used for resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 26 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Golf Red-1 on Hill 163 from LZ GOONNY.
- 27 April- Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Hills 180/225.

 Two UH-34D's used for water resupply of Golf Red-1 from LZ GOONEY to YD 800109.
- 28 April- One UH-34D used for water resupply of Hill 225.
 Two UH-34D's used for resupply of Golf Red-1 from IZ COCNEY to YD 797120.
- 29 April- Two UH-34D's used for troop lift from LZ GOONZY to Hills 180/225.

 Two UH-34D's for resupply of Hills 180/225.
- 30 Lpril- 1 UH-34D used for recon of area YD 8803 to YD 9103 to YD 9107 to YD 8807. Two UH-34D's used for gear pick up from Golf Red-1 to LZ GOONLY.



MEDICAL AND DENTAL UP.ORT

Medical Officers:

(1) Battalion Surgeon - Mr Anthony O. COLBY, MC, USNR

(2) Assistant Battalion Surgeon - Allan S. PIRNIQUE, MC USNR

b. Hospital Corpsmen - 57

E7---2

E6 - 8

E5 - 10

E4 - 25

E3 - 12

- Significant Events: NONE
- d. Medical Trends: 114 cases of diarrhea were treated during the month, 18 were diagnosed as Ameobic and 55 as bacillary dysentary. Five cases of laboratory confirmed hookworm were treated.
- e. Number of Combat Casualties Treated: Three Marines were treated for combat injuries.

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- f. Number of Non-Battle Casualties Treated: 793 men were treated at the Battalion Aid Station.
- g. Preventive Medicine and Sanitation: An aggressive sanitation program continues in effect with a noticeable drop in diarrheal diseases.
 - h. Civil Affeirs Medical support rendered:
 - (1) Number persons treated; 2,804
 - (2) Amount, by type, of medicine dispensed is as follows:
- Gl Alcohol
- Pg Benzalkonium Chroride Tinc, 3's
- Bt Calamine Lotion, Phenolated
- 20 Tu Germa Benzene Cint. 1%
- 24 Tu Hydrocortisone Oint. 1% 40 Bt Hydrogen Peroxide Sol. 1 lb.
- 21 Jr Nitrofurazone Oint. 1 lb.
- 206 Ck Soap Surgical, 40z
- 40 Tu Undecylenic Acid Oint. loz
 - Bt Lapirin Table ts, 1000's
- 3 Bt Codeine Sulfate tabs, 2gr. 100's
- 2 Bt Eugenol, loz
- 13 Tu Dibuccine Cint. 1%, loz
- 18 Bx Cetylpyridinium Chloride Lozenges
- Bt Chlorphenizacine Maleate Syrup, 1 Gal. 3
- Bt Chlorphoniremine Malecte Tabs. 4mg. 1000's
- 23 Bx Oxytotracycline-Polymyxin-B oph. cint. 1/8 oz 10'8
 40 Cm Diarrhoa Tabs. 1000's
- 14 Bt Sodium Bicarb Charcoal and pepparaint tabs.
- 204 Bt Octivitamin drops 30cc
- Bx Chloroquine Hol Inj.



- 5 Bt Chloroquine sphate tabs.
- I Bt Princquine Phosphate tabs.
- 1 Bt Sulfediazine Tabs.
- 20 Bt Sulfasoxazole tabs. 1000@s
- 36 Bt Lootyl Sulfasoxazole Oral Susp. 1pt
 - 4 Pg Benzethine Perioillin G.
- 4 Bt Chlortetroclino Hel. Caps. 4gr. 100's.
- 41 Bt Erythronycin Tabs. 4gr. 100's
- 36 Bt Erythromycin Ethylcarbonate for oral susp.
- 24 Bt Hoxylresorcinol Pills
- 36 Bt Oxytetracyaline for oral susp.
- 6 Bt Piperczino Syrup lpt
- 21 Bt Totracycline tabs. 4gr. 100's
- 4 Bt Trisulfapyrimidines, oral syrup 10% l pt.
- 34 Bx Water for inj.
- 7 Sl Adhesivo Plaster
- 4 Pg Cotton Purified, 1 lb
- 48 Pg Pad Gauza, 4x4 200's
- 65 Pg Ped Gauzo, 2x2 10018
- 12 Pg Applicator, Wood, Cotton tipped 100's
- 3 Pg Blade, Surgical Prep. Rozor, 5's
- 6 Bx Depressor, Tongue, Wood, 500's
- 5 Bx Needle, Disposable, 18 ga. 100's
- 5 En Thermometer, Human Oral
- 6 Pg Bottle, Screw Cop, Prescription 202, 72's
- 2 Bk Label, Prescription, 750's
- 12 Pg Envelope, Drug Disponsing, 100's
- 9 Pg Box, Oigtnont 12's
 - 1. Problem areas: NONE

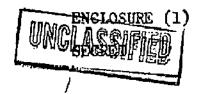
CIVIL AREAIRS MILITARY GOVERNMENT/COMMUNITY RELATIONS.

a. Significant Activities.

On 19 April 1966 a squad of the Combined Action Company was moved to the village of Thuy Duong (YD 798195) causing the CAC influence to be extended approximately two miles further north along Nighway # 1. The squad has developed a defensive position adjacent to the village. The corpsnan assigned to the squad conducts a daily sick call for the villagers at the village headquarters. The people have shown no hesitation in taking advantage of the medical assistance and twenty to thirty villagers are treated daily.

Corpsmen of the Combined Action Company treated 2,390 civilians during the month of April. Twenty-one civilians were medically evacuated for treatment to "A" Medical Bat-talion.

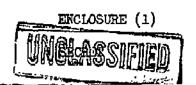
- b. Material Distributed.
 - (1) Soap ~ 666 bens ,
 - (2) Tooth brushes 222
 - (3) Food 140 kilograms of rice
 - (4) Clothes 138 pounds.
- c. Special Civil Action Projects. Nonc.
- d. Apparent results of Civil Affairs Program. The 'general attitude of the villagers is receptive and friendly. The medical assistance has been especially effective and -there has been very little evidence of the political demonstrations within the Battalion TAOR that have been so prevelent in the EUE area this month.





Chaplain Support

- a. Name of Chaplain: Lt. Thomas B. HANDLY, CEC, USNR.
- Chaplain Support: LCdr N.W. HUBBLE, 4th Marines Catholic Chaplain, conducted Eight Sunday Masses with Nine hundred, seventy-two in attendance, and twenty-six weekday masses with Two hundred, eighty-four men in attendance.
- b. Protostant Services. Sixteen Sunday Services were held with four hundred, ninty-four men in attendance and ten veekday with eighty-one in attendance. One Memorial Service was held with thirty men in attendance.
 - c. Mumber of Personnel receiving counselling: Twenty-five.
 - d. Significant Activity:
- (1) The chaplains of the Phu Bai Combat Base conducted joint Holy Week Services. Each chaplain was responsible for one day of the week.
- (2) 4 joint Protestant Sunrise Service was held by the chaplains of the Phu Bai Combat Base.
- (3) The lecture series "The Religions of Viet-Nam" was delivered seven times to all units of 2/1.
- (4) The chaplain of 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines is being sent T.D to the 1st Battalion, 4th Marines on 30 April 1966.
 - e. Facilities. The chapel facilities are excellent.



HEADQUARTERS 2nd Battalion, 1st Marines (Rein) 3rd Marine Division (Rein), FMF 6/0 FPO, Sen Francisco, California 96601

Bno 1550.1 3:AJS:Egh 2 April 1966

BATTALION OF DER 1550.1

From: Commanding Officer To: Distribution List

Subj: Troop Indoctrination Program

Ref: (a) Divo 1306.1

Encl: (1) - Troop Indoctrination Subjects

2) - Orientation Schedule for Nowly Arrived Personnel

(3) - Statement of Secretary of State Dean Rusk

(4) - Guide for Troop Indootrination

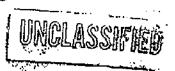
(5) Rules of Engagement

(6) Individual Coordinating Instructions/Safety Instructions

(7) Irreatment of Captured Personnel

(8) - Troop Indoctrination Subjects for Rotating Personnel

- 1. Purpose. To set forth and implement an expanded training program to ensure that personnel of this battalion serving in the Republic of Vietnam receive information and education on Vietnam and to publish a training program for newly arrived and rotating personnel.
- 2. General. It is necessary for each member of this command to be afforded the opportunity to learn the meaning of the conflict in Vietnam. This knowledge will enable all Marines to serve with an understanding of the challenges they face and be better able to meet these challenges. Additionally, measures are desirable that assist the rotating Marine who may possibly be interviewed by news media upon arrival in CONUS. Limited observation, lack of information or lack of understanding, of our role in Vietnam, should not contribute to rotating personnel making thoughtless comments which create erroneous impressions and degrade the excellent record earned by Marines in defeating the Viet Cong and our providing assistance to the Vietnamese people through civic action programs.
- 3. Action. In accordance with reference (a):
- a. All personnel will be indoctrinated in the subjects listed in enclosure (1) by unit leaders.
- b. The orientation schodule set forth in enclosure (2) will be conducted as contralized training under the supervision of the S-3.
- c. The contents of enclosure (3) will be promulgated by Unit Commenders to all personnel within their command.



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- d. Rotating personnel of this command will be indoctrinated as indicated in enclosure (6) by the S-1.
- 4. Information. Assistance is available from the S-3 Training Section.

E. Z. GRABOWSKI By direction

DISTRIBUTION: A plus 10 copies to 8-3



PnO 1550.1 2 April 1966

Troop Indootrination Subjects

- L. Why we are Here.
- 2. Relationships with the Vietnamese People
- 3. Vietnamese History, Culture and Customs
- 4. The Code of Conduct, Discipline and Conduct
- 5. The Military Assistance Command, Vietnam; Missions and Objectives.
- 6. The Free World Effort in Vietnem
- 7. The Nature of the Viet Cong
- 8. Monthly Recapitulations of Military Activities in Vietnam
- 9. Topics of Local Interest

Bno 1550.1 2 April 1966

ORIENTATION SCHEDULE

Time	Subject	Instructor
0 900	Welcome Aboard	C.O.
0915	Intelligence Briefing	s2
0 9 3 0	"Guide for Troop Indoctrination" Rules of Engagement/Pursuit.	
	Mission of the Battalion	\$3
1000	Logistics Instructions	S-4
1015	Administrative Briefing	S-1
1030	Preventative Medicine	Bas
1 045	Morale Guidance	Chaplain
1100	SgtMajor's Briefing	Bu Sgt Major



EnO 1550.1 2 April 1966

STATEMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE DRAW RUSK

The United States would like to see Hanci and Peiping and Moscow and others come to a conference table and find a peaceful solution in Vietnam. Many efforts to seek a peaceful settlement have been made by the United States and others: Through bilateral diplomacy, the machinery of the Geneva Conference, the machinery of the United Nations, the appeals of India, the proposed Commonwealth Peace Mission, President Johnson's offer of unconditional discussion, and all sorts of public and private initiatives. But Hanci and Peiping have turned down all suggestions for a peaceful settlement.

Meanwhile, the United States is continuing to meet its commitment in Vietnam. This is a simple commitment: To assist the government and people of South Vietnam to preserve their independence. Hanci has been sending tens of thousands of armed men into the south.

It was said in Peiping recently that the object in South Vietnam is capitulation of the United States.

The United States is not going to capitulate, but, on the other hand, we do not want or ask for surrender by Handi, or surrender by Peiping. All we are asking them to do is stop shooting at people at whom they have no right to shoot, and take home the people that have infiltrated into South Vietnam, including some of the regular North Vietnamese armod forces. The objective of the exercise is that Handi and Peiping learn to live at peace with their neighbors.

Many of the questions in regard to the persecution of the War in Vietnam concern bombing of targets in North Vietnam. The United States has no desire to inflict damage upon the civilian population of North Vietnam, nor indeed upon the daily livelihood of these people. U.S. planes have been hitting the northwestern part of the country; such things as ammunition dumps, depots for gasoline and oil to supply the infiltration forces, barracks, radar sites and military targets of that sort-

The United States is not waging war upon the civilian population of North Vietnam, nor the North Vietnam regime as such. The United States has never undertaken to destroy that regime, but simply wents then to stop bothering their neighbors. We hope very much that they will realize, before this gets into a much larger conflict, that this is the essential purpose.

The bombing attacks on military installations in the north have had an important practical effect upon the ability of the north to support or to increase the support of their effort in South Vietnam.

The United States had never expected that bombing in itself would be a decisive element. But it is important that the aggressors have discovered that they are not going to be permitted to send tens of thousands of guerrillas to attack South Vietnam while continuing to live in safety and confort there in the North.



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The idea of the sanctuary is dead as far as this situation is concerned; and that is something that all of the others who may be supporting Hanni must take fully into account.

The Viet Cong have been suffering very substantial casualties in the past few weeks, not only in infantry action but also from bombing. Nevertheless it would seem that the refusal of Hanoi and Peiping to come to the conference table is based upon their hope that they will achieve something substantial during these next weeks and months. But that is not going to happen, because the United States will do what is required to prevent it.

Current Viet Cong operations are basically still in what might be called the guerrilla stage; they are still attacking undefended district towns and the civilian population. They have not sustained a battalion in combat for more than a day or two at a time.

The central point remains the fact of the U.S. commitment in South Vietnam. The integrity of the commitment has a major bearing upon similar commitments of the United States in other parts of world; and the integrity of the American commitment is the principal pillar of peace in the present world.

Since 1945 there have been many episodes in which the communist world has resorted to force. They left behind troops in Iran with the aim of taking over that country. Guerrillas came down from Bulgaria and Yugoslavia against Greece. There was the blockade of Berlin, there was the massive invasion of South Korea. There have been many efforts in this Post-wer period to take over neighbors by force.

This is because that American people and most of their friends abroad are dedicated to the idea of building a peaceful and decent world order. The problem is how to bring these acts of aggression under control, to turn them back and in the process organize a more stable peace in the world. That has been, and is, the objective of U.S. Policy.

President Johnson has made it clear that the United States, in accordance with its simple commitment, will do what is required in Vietnam.



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Guide for Troop Indoctrination

Merines -

Welcome to Vietnem - Many people have asked why are we here? The enswer to that is relatively simple. We are here to stop the spread of communism; stop it before it spreads further, onslaves more people, takes over in all of Southeast Asia. We cannot stand aside and let nation after nation fell in virtual selvery until finally it threatens our country or mankind.

As it was in Kores, once again the freedom of people is being seriously challenged. This time the scene is Vietnem. The character of the threat is somewhat different but the basic concept using suppression and aggression to force a false doctine upon a population is the same. We have been asked to come to the aid of this population, but make no mistake, it is as much our fight as theirs. Had this threat to free people gone unchallenged, all of Southeast Asia would have been lost, next year it would be snother country and perhaps in a decade our own USA. So then, today, our challenge is here in Vietnam.

Many people have also eaked why do the Communists went Southeast Asia? The most obvious, of course, is that it would give a stepping stone to the South Chine See and the Indian Ocean. Eventually they would build scaports at Denang, Scigon, Bengkok and Rangoon. It would put them closer to the rich areas of Australia and New Zealand. If they were to oust the United States Forces and its allies in Southeast Asia it would sorve as a further incentive to attempt aggression in other parts of the world. It would mean a breakdown of faith in ability in and desire of the U.S. to support freedom scaking countries. That is why they want this country as a start and why we are here to prevent their taking it.

Since we are here, there are certain basic things we should know and practice:

Number One: Remember we are guests in Vietnem - These people have been fighting for a long time against the Communists. They need and deserve our help because it is our fight too. They have eaked us to come and help and we are here to do just that; without asking favors or special privileges.

Number Two: We'll have better allies among them if we got to know them. Really join them. Learn about the way they live, respect their way of life, their customs - their laws. Remember it's their country - learn as much of their language as you caneven a few words or phrases will help you in many ways.



Number Three: Be polite to their women, respect them as you would your own mothers, sisters, wives or sweethearts. This will go a long way in winning over the people who are sitting on the fence - wondering whether you are the monetons the Viet Cong claim you are.

Funber Four: Make friends with their soldiers and the rest of the people. They can be a big help to you - you may be fighting side by side with them or depending on them to guard your rear and flanks. It is your adventage!

Number Five: Give the Vietnamese the right of way whether you are walking or driving - remember, as I said, it is their country. You are bigger than they are physically - our cars & trucks are more powerful than theirs - be a little patient - don't push them around.

Number Six: The Vietnamese are a quiet people - they don't approve of Acri, unusual behavior or sky-larking. They are dignified - try and Datch their dignity.

Furber Seven: The long time they have been fighting has rade many of them poor. By their standards - all of us are wealthy - don't make a public display of your money and what you have that they don't. By the same token don't over-pay them for what you buy - this only hurts the whole system.

Number Right: Remember, you are representing the United States and the Marine Corps in every way - whether you are fighting or on liberty. Be apart - Shape up - Be a Marine in every way!

Munber Nine: Be elert no matter where you are - the Viet Cong cannot be identified by appearance alone - be ready to react in the manner in which you have been trained.

If you will follow those nine points we'll go a long way to winning this fight - we will gain the confidence and holp of the people and that is really what we want.

From the standpoint of fighting - we have a tough, slippery and snart enemy. But we've get most of the marbles - we've get air superiority, we've get the artillery, we've get the ships and most of all we've get the training! We are beginning to hurt the viet Cong bedly - he is hungry and becoming desperate - he had never fought an enemy that reacts the way we do - our fire teams and squads can and have fought him and beat him on his own ground - by being smarter, tougher and more aggressive. He is finding out what it means to fight a trained military force instead of mardering defense less village chiefs, school teachers, medical technicians, and kidnepping dectors and other officials as he has done.

We have come a long way in recent nonths - but we still have a long way to go. This is one we've got to win and I'm looking to you Marines to give your best at all times. We cannot afford to let Communism take over in this country - if we do most of Southeast Asia is lost - The Viet Cong know it - we know it - lets win this one big!

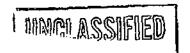


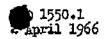
Bno 1550.1 April 1966

RULES OF ENGAGEMENT

Unit Commanders may direct fire when:

- (1) They observe and positively identify a person or persons as enemy.
- (2) Fire is being delivered on friendly troops.
- (3) Personnel are attempting, by hasty or suspicious sets, obviously to avoid contact with friendly forces.
 - (4) Requested to fire by friendly Vietnamese commanders after approval from appropriate RVNAF Officials.





INDIVIDUAL COORDINATING INSTRUCTIONS/SAFETY RECULATIONS

- 1. Body armor mandatory for personnel manning defensive positions. Body armor optional on patrols/operations. Any individual desiring to wear body armor may be permitted to do so.
- 2. Steel helmet or ballistic helmet liner mandatory for all patrols or operations and during the hours of darkness on defensive positions.
- 3. No weapon will be loaded with a round in the chamber unless immediate firing is considered necessary.
- 4. Loaded magazines will be inserted in weapons only when directed by unit commanders. This will be based upon an analysis of the type duty being performed and the tactical situation.
- 5. Loaded magazines will be removed from the weapon immediately upon being relieved of duties requiring such loading. The weapon will be sleared and the chamber will be checked.
- 6. Unless authorized by competent authority megazines will not be inserted in weapons in a permanent camp area.
- 7. When removing a round from the chamber or a magazine from the weapon, all weapons will be pointed upward at a 45 degree angle.
- 8. All weapons containing live amunition will be in a "SAFE" condition unless required by the testical situation.
- 9. All weapons prior to being cleaned, will be inspected in the same manner as indicated above, just as if a round were in the chamber and/or a loaded magazine in the weapon.
- 10. Skylerking with weapons, practicing fast draws, and pointing weapons at individuals will not be tolerated.
- 11. All weapons will be treated as loaded weapons at all times.



Pno 1550.1 2 April 1966

Treatment of Captured Personnel

- 1. Captives are in the power and custody of the detaining power, but not of the individuals or military units who have captured them.
- 2. Each unit is responsible for the handling of captives whom it apprehends.
- 3. Captives will in all circumstances be treated humanely while in the custody of U.S. Forces and U.S. Personnel, and must be protected against acts of violence.
- 4. No violence will be done to their person, no outrages of any kind committed against them, pending delivery to higher headquarters, the wounded end sick will be cared for.



TROOP INDOCTRINATION SUBJECT FOR ROTATING PERSONNEL

- 1. A Marine, returning to the U.S. may speak of his unplassified experiences, but:
 - a. Stress accuracy of experiences
 - b. Avoid exaggeration
 - c. Avoid hearsay
- 2. Indoctrination program will:
- a. Ensure rotating personnel comprehend and understand why they have been here in Vietnam.
- b. Point out that any frivolous comments rotating personnel may make could have adverse effects on Marines remaining behind in Vietnam, in their fight for the freedom of the Vietnamese people.

HEADQUARTERS

2nd Battalion, 1st Marines 3rd Marine Division (Rein), FMF FFO, San Francisco, 96602



COMBAT INSTRUCTION #2

From: Commanding Officer
To: Distribution List

Subj: VC Pursuit

Ref: (a) CM, Third MarDiv mag 250820Z March 1966 (b) COMUSMACV mag 010235Z March 1966

- 1. References (a) and (b) provide guidance and information on the principles for pursuit of the Viet Cong as part of the primary mission of every commander. It further states that a commander who fails to pursue the Viet Cong after contact is established, is considered to have failed in part of his primary mission.
- 2. The company, platoon, squad, and firteem levels of command normally will be most concerned with pursuit tactics, therefore, discussions must be stressed on those levels. An aggressive, indectrinated Marine on the squad and fireteam level is the most effective element to conduct timely pursuit which makes it possible to <u>FIND</u>, <u>FIX</u>, and <u>DESTROY</u> the Viet Cong.
- 3. Unit commanders will be prepared to intervene on contacts in behalf of isolated ARVN units and those contacts developed locally. The following is offered as a guide to assist in planning pursuit tactics:
- a. Plan to respond on short notice with maximum effectivemess in order to insure vigorous pursuit upon engagement.
- b. Develop planning check lists which will insure maximum use of acrial surveillance, artillery, and air strikes on likely Viet Cong withdrawal routes.
- c. Instill the attitude of the hunter when conducting aggressive Scarch and Destroy operations.
- 4. This Combat Instruction should be reviewed for each new replacement joining subordinate units of this Battalion. Pursuit tactics is recommended as a topic for the interchange of ideas in unit discussion groups for developing and improving pursuit tactics.

E.S. GRABOWSKI By direction

DISTRIBUTION: SPECIAL



HEADQUARTERS

2nd Battalion, 1st Merrines 3rd Marine Division (Rein), FMF FFO, San Francisco, 96602

> BmO 3100.1A 3:JC:rjc 5 April 1966

BATTALION ORDER 3100.1A

From: Commanding Officer To: Distribution List

Subj: Sparriow/Hawk

Ref: (a) Div Op0 364-66

(b) Regt Op0 329-66

1. <u>Purpose</u>. To promulgate instructions on the operation of the Battalian Sperrow/Hewk.

2. Cancellation. Battalion Order 3100.1.

3. Background.

a. In order to exploit enemy contacts and sightings, which cannot be engaged effectively by supporting troops already on the ground, a need arises for a small ready reserve. (Sparrow/Hawk).

b. The Sparrow/Hawk will consist of the following personnel:

		N	o of personnel
(1)	Officer or NCO	.1 '	1.
(2)	Corpscan		1
(3)	Artillery F.O.		1
(4)	Radio Operator		1
(5) [:]	3.5 Rocket Team		2
(6)	Machine Gun Team		2
(7)	T.O. Rifle Squad	m 1	<u>14</u>
		Total	25

4. Action.

a. Sparrow/Hawk stand-by force will be assigned to subordinate units of this Battalion by Battalion Bulletin.

- b. Sparrow/Hawk will be designated from the rifle companies for the period 0730-1730 daily and from HAS Company for the period of 1730-0730 daily.
- c. Sparrow/Hawk will maintain a state of readiness to be able to deploy on a five minute elert by means of motor vehicle and/or helicopter.
- d. Old's or NCO's in Charge of Sparrow Hawk will report to the BOC by 0715H and 1715H daily for confirmation of details and receive a general briefing.
- Surface transportation (1 truck) will report to the BOC at 0715 and 1715 daily for dispatching to the Sparrow/Hawk Company. (Attn: \$-4).
- f. Communication equipment (PRC-10 radio) will be maintained in Battalion Communications Center for immediate pick-up by the Sparrow/Havk. The radio provided will be on the Battalion TAC Net and completely checked out prior to issue. (Attn: Comm 0).
- g. Upon notification that the Sparrow/Hawk may be committed, the OIC or NCO will immediately report to the BOC or other place designated for a briefing by the Battalion S-3 Section. In the event the Sparrow/Hawk is to be heli-lifted, the briefing will take place in the HM-163 pilot briefing room. (eg. location of LZ, direction of approach, etc.).
- h. Sparrow/Hawk deployment by helicopter will require each unit to prepare and assign personnel into heli-teams with approxiate cards or rosters. This will be done in advance. .
- 1. The Battalion ALO will check with HMM-163 at 0715H and 1715H daily to insure that the 3 UH-34's, the stand-by helicopters are in fact. alorted to the Sparrow/Hawk requirements.
- j. The OIC or NCO in charge of Sparrow/Hawk will report to the Battalion 8-2 for debriefing in the event Spairow/Hawk is committed.

E. Z. GRABOWSKI

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By direction

DISTRIBUTION:



SUMMARY OF OPERATION

UNIT: Foxtrot Company. Combined Action Company.

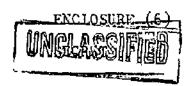
SIZE OF OPERATING FORCE: 4 Reinforced CAC Squads.

TYPE OF OPERATION: Population Control, Search and Destroy highlighted by a river crossing. (See attached overlay).

NARRATIVE: Foxtrot Company, Headquarters (-) plus 4 CAC squads conducted population control/search and destroy operation on the night of 25 April and morning of the 26th of April 1966. The squads were reinforced with national police, engineer personnel with a mine detection capability. The river crossing was conducted by swimming at 2300-2400 on the 25th of April with ambush sites established through 260430H. The search commenced at 260430H and the Civic Action Med Cap Team commenced operating - the operation secured at 261030H.

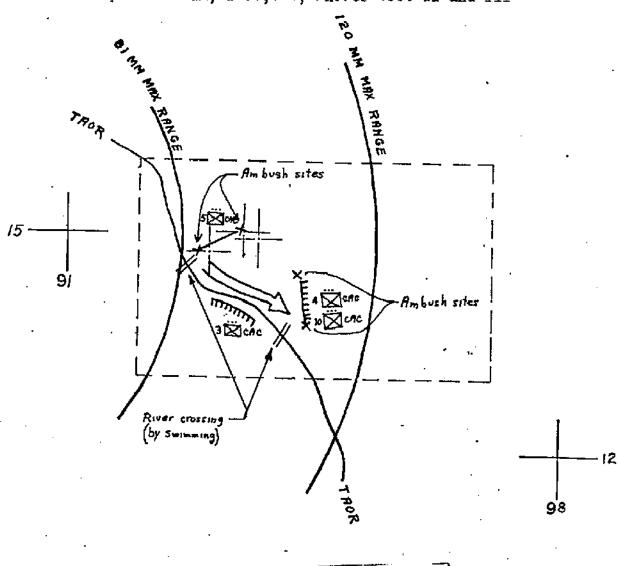
EVALUATION: While the operation didn't produce tangible results with VC and weapons, the operation provided valuable experience for the PF's involved and for future operations. The surprise element was highly successful in getting all personnel into position without detection from the local population.

RESULTS: Negative.



Combined Action Company Operation Overlay for Period 25-26 April 1966

Ref: Map: Vietnam, 1:50,000, Sheets 6560 II and III



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